## SENATE BILL No. 78

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1; IC 6-3.5-9.

**Synopsis:** Local option inventory tax relief. Allows the county fiscal body to phase out the property tax on inventory by allowing assessed value deductions in five increasing gradations over a ten year period. Reduces the property tax levies of all taxing units having assessed value in an adopting county. Allows the county fiscal body to adopt an ordinance imposing an income tax to recover the net property tax revenue lost by the phase out of the property tax on inventory. Provides that the income tax will increase over the ten year period to recover the revenue lost by each increase of the assessed value deduction. Requires the state to distribute revenue to income tax adopting counties to replace property tax replacement credits. Makes an appropriation.

Effective: January 1, 2002.

## Weatherwax

January 8, 2001, read first time and referred to Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure.





First Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2001)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2000 General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 78

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation and to make an appropriation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-12.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JANUARY 1, 2002]:

**Chapter 12.2. Inventory Tax Phase Out** 

Sec. 1. "Inventory" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-1.1-3-11.

Sec. 2. The county council of a county may adopt an ordinance to phase out the property tax on inventory imposed under IC 6-1.1-3. If the county council adopts an ordinance under this chapter to phase out the property tax on inventory, the county council may adopt an ordinance under IC 6-3.5-9 to impose an income tax to replace revenue lost by the phase out of the property tax on inventory.

Sec. 3. (a) The property tax assessment against inventory located in the county may be phased out over a ten (10) year period in five (5) gradations. To phase out the property tax on inventory, business owners are allowed a deduction from the assessed value of the inventory equal to a percentage of assessed valuation

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

IN 78—LS 6472/DI 92+

C

0

p

У

specified in subsection (b). The deduction percentage is increased in five (5) gradations over the ten (10) year period. The deduction allowed in each year is prescribed in subsection (b).

(b) The first year the deduction may be claimed is for property taxes due and payable on inventory in the year following the year in which the ordinance is adopted under this section. The percentage to be used to determine the amount of the deduction allowed under subsection (a) is as follows:

9	YEAR OF DEDUCTION	PERCENTAGE
10	1st	20%
11	2nd	20%
12	3rd	40%
13	4th	40%
14	5th	60%
15	6th	60%
16	7th	80%
17	8th	80%
18	9th	80%
19	10th and thereafter	100%

(c) To phase out the property tax on inventory located in a county, the county council must, after January 1 but before March 1 of a year, adopt an ordinance. The ordinance must substantially state the following:

```
"The _____ County Council phases out the property tax on inventory located in _____ County. The business owners of _____ County may claim a deduction from the assessed value of inventory. The amount of the credit will increase in five (5) gradations over the next ten (10) years under IC 6-1.1-12.2. This deduction takes effect March 1 of this year for property taxes payable beginning next year.".
```

- (d) An ordinance adopted under this section takes effect March 1 of the year the ordinance is adopted.
- (e) The auditor of a county shall record all votes taken on ordinances presented for a vote under the authority of this section and immediately send a certified copy of the results to the department by certified mail.
- Sec. 4. (a) The county inventory property tax deduction adopted by a county council under this chapter remains in effect until repealed.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (e), the county council may repeal the county inventory tax deduction by adopting an ordinance to repeal the tax after January 1 but before March 1 of



1	a year.
2	(c) An ordinance adopted under this section takes effect March
3	1 of the year the ordinance is adopted.
4	(d) The county auditor shall record all votes taken on
5	ordinances presented for a vote under the authority of this section
6	and immediately send a certified copy of the results to the
7	department by certified mail.
8	(e) A county council may not repeal the county inventory
9	property tax deduction until ten (10) years after the date the
10	deduction took effect.
11	Sec. 5. The county auditor shall determine each taxing unit's (as
12	defined in IC 6-3.5-9-5) share of lost revenue due to the deduction
13	in both dollars and percentage share.
14	Sec. 6. The general fund levy of a school corporation located in
15	a county that adopts the inventory assessed value deduction under
16	this chapter must be reduced by the amount of property tax
17	revenue lost as a result of the deduction provided by this chapter.
18	This reduction shall be made after all computations relating to
19	state tuition support under IC 6-1.1-19 or IC 21-3-1.7 are made.
20	SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-18.5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2002]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as
22	otherwise provided in this chapter, a civil taxing unit that is treated as
23	not being located in an adopting county under section 4 of this chapter
24	may not impose an ad valorem property tax levy for an ensuing
25	calendar year that exceeds the amount determined in the last
26	applicable STEP of the following STEPS:
27	STEP ONE: Add the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad
28	valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year to the
29	part of the civil taxing unit's certified share, if any, that was used
30	to reduce the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy under
31	STEP EIGHT of subsection (b) and under STEP EIGHT of this
32	subsection, if applicable, for that preceding calendar year.
33	STEP TWO: Multiply the amount determined in STEP ONE by
34	the amount determined in the last STEP of section 2 of this
35	chapter.
36	STEP THREE: Determine the lesser of one and fifteen hundredths
37	(1.15) or the quotient (rounded to the nearest ten-thousandth) of
38	the assessed value of all taxable property subject to the civil
39	taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for the ensuing calendar
40	year divided by the assessed value of all taxable property that is
41	subject to the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for

the ensuing calendar year and that is contained within the



1	geographic area that was subject to the civil taxing unit's ad
2	valorem property tax levy in the preceding calendar year.
3	STEP FOUR: Determine the greater of the amount determined in
4	STEP THREE or one (1).
5	STEP FIVE: Multiply the amount determined in STEP TWO by
6	the amount determined in STEP FOUR.
7	STEP SIX: Add the amount determined under STEP TWO to the
8	amount determined under subsection (c).
9	STEP SEVEN: Determine the greater of the amount determined
10	under STEP FIVE or the amount determined under STEP SIX.
11	STEP EIGHT: This STEP applies to a civil taxing unit that is
12	located in a county that is phasing out property taxes on
13	inventory under IC 6-1.1-12.2. Subtract the amount of
14	property tax revenue attributable to providing the inventory
15	tax deduction under IC 6-1.1-12.2 for the preceding calendar
16	year with respect to the civil taxing unit from the amount
17	determined under STEP SEVEN.
18	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a civil taxing unit
19	that is treated as being located in an adopting county under section 4 of
20	this chapter may not impose an ad valorem property tax levy for an
21	ensuing calendar year that exceeds the amount determined in the last
22	STEP of the following STEPS:
23	STEP ONE: Add the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad
24	valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year to the
25	part of the civil taxing unit's certified share, if any, used to reduce
26	the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy under STEP
27	EIGHT and STEP NINE, if applicable, of this subsection for
28	that preceding calendar year.
29	STEP TWO: Multiply the amount determined in STEP ONE by
30	the amount determined in the last STEP of section 2 of this
31	chapter.
32	STEP THREE: Determine the lesser of one and fifteen hundredths
33	(1.15) or the quotient of the assessed value of all taxable property
34	subject to the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for
35	the ensuing calendar year divided by the assessed value of all
36	taxable property that is subject to the civil taxing unit's ad
37	valorem property tax levy for the ensuing calendar year and that
38	is contained within the geographic area that was subject to the
39 40	civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy in the preceding
40	calendar year.
42	STEP THREE or one (1)
42	STEP THREE or one (1).



1	STEP FIVE: Multiply the amount determined in STEP TWO by
2	the amount determined in STEP FOUR.
3	STEP SIX: Add the amount determined under STEP TWO to the
4	amount determined under subsection (c).
5	STEP SEVEN: Determine the greater of the amount determined
6	under STEP FIVE or the amount determined under STEP SIX.
7	STEP EIGHT: Subtract the amount determined under STEP FIVE
8	of subsection (e) from the amount determined under STEP
9	SEVEN of this subsection.
10	STEP NINE: This STEP applies to a civil taxing unit that is
11	located in a county that is phasing out property taxes on
12	inventory under IC 6-1.1-12.2. Subtract the amount of
13	property tax revenue attributable to providing the inventory
14	tax deduction under IC 6-1.1-12.2 for the preceding calendar
15	year with respect to the civil taxing unit from the amount
16	determined under STEP EIGHT.
17	(c) If a civil taxing unit in the immediately preceding calendar year
18	provided an area outside its boundaries with services on a contractual
19	basis and in the ensuing calendar year that area has been annexed by
20	the civil taxing unit, the amount to be entered under STEP SIX of
21	subsection (a) or STEP SIX of subsection (b), as the case may be,
22	equals the amount paid by the annexed area during the immediately
23	preceding calendar year for services that the civil taxing unit must
24	provide to that area during the ensuing calendar year as a result of the
25	annexation. In all other cases, the amount to be entered under STEP
26	SIX of subsection (a) or STEP SIX of subsection (b), as the case may
27	be, equals zero (0).
28	(d) This subsection applies only to civil taxing units located in a
29	county having a county adjusted gross income tax rate for resident
30	county taxpayers (as defined in IC 6-3.5-1.1-1) of one percent (1%) as
31	of January 1 of the ensuing calendar year. For each civil taxing unit, the
32	amount to be added to the amount determined in subsection (e), STEP
33	FOUR, is determined using the following formula:
34	STEP ONE: Multiply the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible
35	ad valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year by
36	two percent (2%).
37	STEP TWO: For the determination year, the amount to be used as
38	the STEP TWO amount is the amount determined in subsection
39	(f) for the civil taxing unit. For each year following the
40	determination year, the STEP TWO amount is the lesser of:
41	(A) the amount determined in STEP ONE; or
42	(B) the amount determined in subsection (f) for the civil taxing



1	unit.
2	STEP THREE: Determine the greater of:
3	(A) zero (0); or
4	(B) the civil taxing unit's certified share for the ensuing
5	calendar year minus the greater of:
6	(i) the civil taxing unit's certified share for the calendar year
7	that immediately precedes the ensuing calendar year; or
8	(ii) the civil taxing unit's base year certified share.
9	STEP FOUR: Determine the greater of:
10	(A) zero (0); or
11	(B) the amount determined in STEP TWO minus the amount
12	determined in STEP THREE.
13	Add the amount determined in STEP FOUR to the amount determined
14	in subsection (e), STEP THREE, as provided in subsection (e), STEP
15	FOUR.
16	(e) For each civil taxing unit, the amount to be subtracted under
17	subsection (b), STEP EIGHT, is determined using the following
18	formula:
19	STEP ONE: Determine the lesser of the civil taxing unit's base
20	year certified share for the ensuing calendar year, as determined
21	under section 5 of this chapter, or the civil taxing unit's certified
22	share for the ensuing calendar year.
23	STEP TWO: Determine the greater of:
24	(A) zero (0); or
25	(B) the remainder of:
26	(i) the amount of federal revenue sharing money that was
27	received by the civil taxing unit in 1985; minus
28	(ii) the amount of federal revenue sharing money that will be
29	received by the civil taxing unit in the year preceding the
30	ensuing calendar year.
31	STEP THREE: Determine the lesser of:
32	(A) the amount determined in STEP TWO; or
33	(B) the amount determined in subsection (f) for the civil taxing
34	unit.
35	STEP FOUR: Add the amount determined in subsection (d),
36	STEP FOUR, to the amount determined in STEP THREE.  STEP FIVE: Subtract the amount determined in STEP FOUR
37	
38 39	from the amount determined in STEP ONE.
10	(f) As used in this section, a taxing unit's "determination year" means the latest of:
+0 41	(1) calendar year 1987, if the taxing unit is treated as being
+1 42	located in an adopting county for calendar year 1987 under
T-2-	rocated in an adopting county for carcindar year 1707 under



1	section 4 of this chapter;
2	(2) the taxing unit's base year, as defined in section 5 of this
3	chapter, if the taxing unit is treated as not being located in an
4	adopting county for calendar year 1987 under section 4 of this
5	chapter; or
6	(3) the ensuing calendar year following the first year that the
7	taxing unit is located in a county that has a county adjusted gross
8	income tax rate of more than one-half percent (0.5%) on July 1 of
9	that year.
10	The amount to be used in subsections (d) and (e) for a taxing unit
11	depends upon the taxing unit's certified share for the ensuing calendar
12	year, the taxing unit's determination year, and the county adjusted gross
13	income tax rate for resident county taxpayers (as defined in
14	IC 6-3.5-1.1-1) that is in effect in the taxing unit's county on July 1 of
15	the year preceding the ensuing calendar year. For the determination
16	year and the ensuing calendar years following the taxing unit's
17	determination year, the amount is the taxing unit's certified share for
18	the ensuing calendar year multiplied by the appropriate factor
19	prescribed in the following table:
20	COUNTIES WITH A TAX RATE OF 1/2%
21	Subsection (e)
22	Year Factor
23	For the determination year and each en-
24	suing calendar year following the deter-
25	mination year 0
26	COUNTIES WITH A TAX RATE OF 3/4%
27	Subsection (e)
28	Year Factor
29	For the determination year and each en-
30	suing calendar year following the deter-
31	mination year
32	COUNTIES WITH A TAX RATE OF 1.0%
33	Subsection (d) Subsection (e)
34	Year Factor Factor
35	For the determination year 1/6 1/3
36	For the ensuing calendar
37	year following the determi-
38	nation year
39	For the ensuing calendar
40	year following the determi-
41	nation year by two (2) years
42	SECTION 3. IC 6-3.5-9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS



1	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JANUARY 1, 2002]:
3	Chapter 9. Inventory Tax Replacement Income Tax
4	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "adjusted gross income" has the
5	meaning set forth in IC 6-3-1-3.5(a).
6	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "county council" includes the
7	city-county council of a consolidated city.
8	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "county taxpayer", as it relates
9	to a county for a year, means an individual who resides in that
10	county on the date specified in section 15 of this chapter.
11	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "department" refers to the
12	department of state revenue.
13	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "taxing unit" means an entity
14	having the power to impose ad valorem property taxes, including
15	school corporations. However, in the case of a consolidated city, the
16	term "taxing unit" includes the consolidated city and all special
17	taxing districts, all special service districts, and all entities whose
18	budgets and property tax levies are subject to review under
19	IC 36-3-6-9.
20	Sec. 6. (a) The county council of a county that chooses to adopt
21	an ordinance to phase out the property tax on inventory under
22	IC 6-1.1-12.2 may impose an income tax on the adjusted gross
23	income of county taxpayers.
24	(b) The county council shall use data compiled by the state
25	board of tax commissioners to determine the amount of deductions
26	the board estimates will be taken in the first year of the inventory
27	tax phase out and the initial income tax rate necessary to replace
28	the net property tax revenue loss from the deductions in the first
29	year. The county council may impose an income tax on each county
30	taxpayer's adjusted gross income at an initial rate not to exceed the
31	rate determined to be necessary to replace the lost net property tax
32	revenue in the first year. The income tax rate must be rounded
33	upward in one hundredth of one percent (0.01%) increments.
34	(c) To impose the income tax, the county council must, after
35	January 1 but before April 1 of a year, adopt an ordinance. The
36	ordinance must substantially state the following:
37	"The County Council imposes an inventory tax
38	replacement income tax on the county taxpayers of
39	County to replace the revenue lost from providing an
40	inventory tax deduction over the next ten (10) years. The
41	income tax is imposed at an initial rate of percent
42	(%) on the county taxpayers. Every two (2) years for the



1	next ten (10) years, the tax rate will automatically increase by
2	the initial rate amount effective July 1. This tax takes effect
3	July 1 of this year.".
4	(d) An ordinance adopted under this section takes effect July 1
5	of the year the ordinance is adopted.
6	(e) The county auditor shall record all votes taken on ordinances
7	presented for a vote under the authority of this section and
8	immediately send a certified copy of the results to the department
9	by certified mail.
.0	Sec. 7. (a) The county council may decrease the inventory tax
1	replacement income tax rate imposed upon the resident county
2	taxpayers of the county. To decrease the rate, the county council
.3	must, after January 1 but before April 1 of a year, adopt an
4	ordinance. The ordinance must substantially state the following:
.5	"The County Council decreases the inventory tax
.6	replacement income tax rate imposed upon the resident
.7	county taxpayers of the county from percent (%) to
8	percent (%). This tax rate decrease takes effect July
9	1 of this year.".
20	(b) A county council may not decrease the income tax rate
21	imposed under this chapter if the county or any commission,
22	board, department, or authority that is authorized by statute to
23	pledge the inventory tax replacement income tax has pledged the
24	income tax for any purpose permitted by IC 5-1-14 or any other
25	statute.
26	(c) An ordinance adopted under this section takes effect July 1
27	of the year the ordinance is adopted.
28	(d) The county auditor shall record all votes taken on
29	ordinances presented for a vote under the authority of this section
30	and immediately send a certified copy of the results to the
31	department by certified mail.
32	Sec. 8. (a) The income tax imposed by a county council under
33	this chapter remains in effect until repealed.
34	(b) The county council may rescind the county income tax by
35	adopting an ordinance to repeal the tax after January 1 but before
86	June 1 of a year.
37	(c) Any ordinance adopted under this section takes effect July
88	1 of the year the ordinance is adopted.
39	(d) The county auditor shall record all votes taken on
10	ordinances presented for a vote under the authority of this section
1	and immediately send a certified copy of the results to the
12	department by certified mail.



1	Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) through (c), if
2	the income tax is not in effect during a county taxpayer's entire
3	taxable year, then the amount of income tax imposed under this
4	chapter that the county taxpayer owes for that taxable year equals
5	the product of:
6	(1) the amount of income tax the county taxpayer would owe
7	if the tax had been imposed during the county taxpayer's
8	entire taxable year; multiplied by
9	(2) a fraction:
10	(A) the numerator of the fraction equals the number of
11	days during the county taxpayer's taxable year during
12	which the income tax was in effect; and
13	(B) the denominator of the fraction equals the total
14	number of days in the county taxpayer's taxable year.
15	(b) If a county taxpayer:
16	(1) is unemployed for a part of the taxpayer's taxable year;
17	(2) was not discharged for just cause (as defined in
18	IC 22-4-15-1(d)); and
19	(3) has no earned income for the part of the taxpayer's taxable
20	year that the tax was in effect;
21	the county taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year
22	is reduced by the amount of the taxpayer's earned income for the
23	taxable year.
24	(c) A taxpayer who qualifies under subsection (b) must file a
25	claim for a refund for the difference between the income tax owed
26	under this chapter, as determined under subsection (a), and the tax
27	owed, as determined under subsection (b). A claim for a refund
28	must be on a form approved by the department and include all
29	supporting documentation reasonably required by the department.
30	Sec. 10. (a) A special account within the state general fund shall
31	be established for each county adopting the income tax under this
32	chapter. Any revenue derived from the imposition of the income
33	tax under this chapter by a county shall be deposited in that
34	county's inventory tax replacement account in the state general
35	fund.
36	(b) Income earned on money held in an account under
37	subsection (a) becomes a part of that account.
38	(c) Revenue remaining in an account established under
39	subsection (a) at the end of a fiscal year does not revert to the state
40	general fund.
41	Sec. 11. (a) Revenue derived from the imposition of the income
42	tax shall, in the manner prescribed by this section, be distributed



to the county that imposed it. The amount to be distributed to a county during an ensuing calendar year equals the amount of income tax revenue under this chapter that the department, after reviewing the recommendation of the budget agency, estimates will be received from that county during the twelve (12) month period beginning July 1 of the immediately preceding calendar year and ending June 30 of the ensuing calendar year.

- (b) Before July 2 of each calendar year, the department, after reviewing the recommendation of the budget agency, shall estimate and certify to the county auditor of each adopting county the amount of income tax revenue under this chapter that will be collected from that county during the twelve (12) month period beginning July 1 of that calendar year and ending June 30 of the immediately succeeding calendar year. The amount certified is the county's certified distribution for the immediately succeeding calendar year. The amount certified may be adjusted under subsection (c) or (d).
- (c) The department may certify to an adopting county an amount that is greater than the estimated twelve (12) month revenue collection if the department, after reviewing the recommendation of the budget agency, determines that there will be a greater amount of revenue available for distribution from the county's account established under section 10 of this chapter.
- (d) The department may certify an amount less than the estimated twelve (12) month revenue collection if the department, after reviewing the recommendation of the budget agency, determines that a part of those collections needs to be distributed during the current calendar year so that the county will receive its full certified distribution for the current calendar year.
- Sec. 12. (a) One-half (1/2) of each adopting county's certified distribution for a calendar year shall be distributed from its account established under section 10 of this chapter to the appropriate county treasurer on May 1 and the other one-half (1/2) on November 1 of that calendar year.
- (b) All distributions from an account established under section 10 of this chapter shall be made by warrants issued by the auditor of state to the treasurer of state ordering the appropriate payments.
- Sec. 13. A county's certified distribution must be distributed among all of the taxing units located in the county that lost inventory tax revenue as a result of the inventory tax phase out under IC 6-1.1-12.2. Each taxing unit's share of the distribution is



1 2

P

1	the same percentage share of the lost revenue that is determined by
2	the county auditor under IC 6-1.1-12.2-5. Taxing units must
3	allocate money received under this chapter in the same manner as
4	property taxes are allocated.
5	Sec. 14. (a) An adopting county is entitled to a state distribution
6	to replace the state property tax replacement credits under
7	IC 6-1.1-21 that the county will not receive as a result of providing
8	an inventory assessed value deduction under IC 6-1.1-12.2. The
9	amount of the distribution equals the following:
10	STEP ONE: Subtract the county's property tax replacement
11	credit percentage computed under IC 6-1.1-21 from one (1).
12	STEP TWO: Divide the county's certified distribution by the
13	STEP ONE amount.
14	STEP THREE: Multiply the STEP TWO amount by the
15	county's property tax replacement credit percentage.
16	(b) The distribution shall be made to the county at the same time
17	and in the same manner as property tax replacement credits are
18	distributed under IC 6-1.1-21. The county shall treat the
19	distribution as property tax replacement credits.
20	(c) Money is appropriated from the property tax replacement
21	credit fund to make the distributions.
22	Sec. 15. (a) For purposes of this chapter, an individual shall be
23	treated as a resident of the county in which the individual:
24	(1) maintains a home, if the individual maintains only one (1)
25	home in Indiana;
26	(2) if subdivision (1) does not apply, is registered to vote;
27	(3) if subdivision (1) or (2) does not apply, registers the
28	individual's personal automobile; or
29	(4) if subdivision (1), (2), or (3) does not apply, spends the
30	majority of the individual's time spent in Indiana during the
31	taxable year in question.
32	(b) The residence of an individual is determined on January 1
33	of the calendar year in which the individual's taxable year
34	commences. If an individual changes the individual's location of
35	residence to another county in Indiana during a calendar year, the
36	individual's liability for the income tax is not affected.
37	Sec. 16. (a) Except as provided in this chapter, all provisions of
38	the adjusted gross income tax law (IC 6-3) concerning:
39	(1) definitions;
40	(2) declarations of estimated tax;
41	(3) filing of returns;
42	(4) remittances;



